

# 2006 Water Quality Assessment and Impaired Waters Integrated Report

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality September 2006



### **Public Comment**

- Public comment period July 10 August 11
- Download Integrated Report via DEQ website
  - http://www.deq.virginia.gov/wqa/
  - Maps available at <a href="http://www.gisweb.deq.virginia.gov/">http://www.gisweb.deq.virginia.gov/</a>
- 7 public meetings held around Virginia
- Comments received by first class mail to:
  - Darryl M. Glover, DEQ Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Manager, P.O. Box 1105, Richmond, Virginia 23218-1105
- and via e-mail attachment to dmglover@deq.virginia.gov

# Background

- Clean Water Act and the Virginia Water Quality Monitoring, Information and Restoration Act require state to assess and report on the quality of state waters.
- 2002 published separate 305(b) Water Quality
   Assessment report and 303(d) Report on Impaired
   Waters
- 2003 EPA promoted an integrated (combined) report
- 2004 Virginia publishes its first Integrated Report
- 2006 First assessment of new Chesapeake Bay WQS

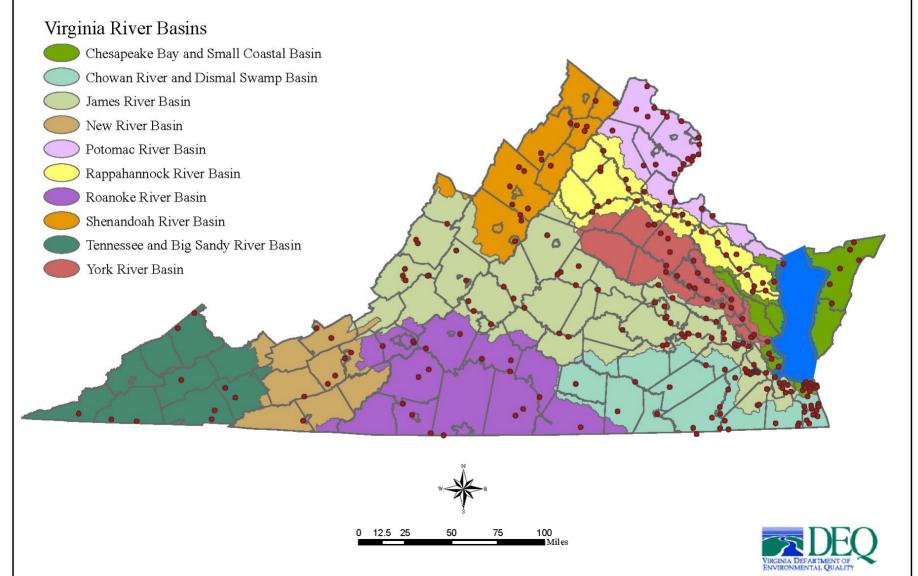
# Key Factors For 2006 Assessment

- Assessment Period: January 2000 December 2004
- Data from over 5000 stations used
- Enhanced use of Citizen and Non-Agency data
- Updated Trend Analysis
- VDH Fishing Advisories:
  - Mercury and PCB thresholds lowered
  - 12 Mercury; 39 PCBs; 1 Kepone
- VDH data on public beaches
- Shifting to Small (6<sup>th</sup> Order-12 Digit) Watersheds
- First assessment of Chesapeake Bay WQS D.O., SAV
  - 600 assessment units are now combined into 36 segments for D.O.

# Use of Citizen Monitoring Data

- 447 Citizen monitoring stations met the highest level of Quality Assurance
- In future assessments, will assess more citizen monitored sites independently
- By the 2010 assessment, DEQ will assess 3,000 stream miles using citizen data

#### Distribution of 2006 Trend Analysis Stations



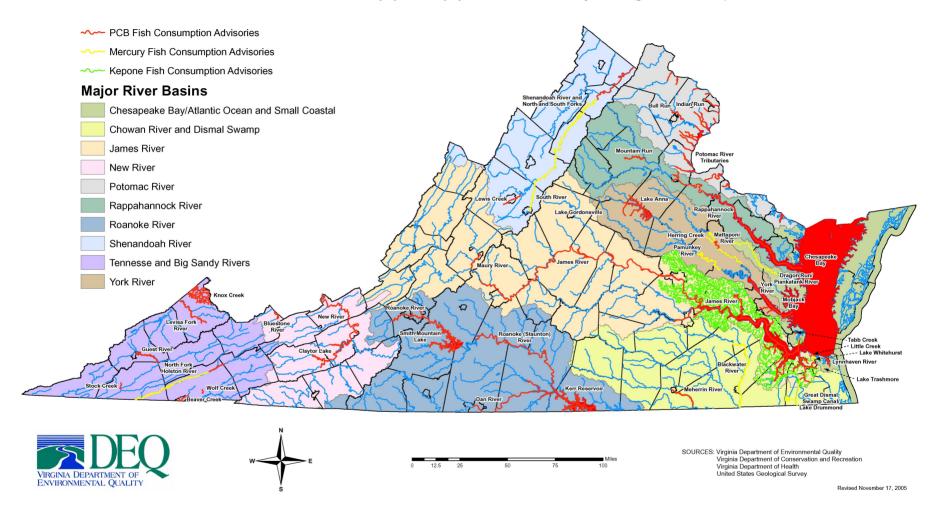
# Trend Analysis Results

% of all stations	BACTERIA		TOTAL NITROGEN		TOTAL PHOSPHORUS		TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	
TIME BLOCK	degrading	improving	degrading	improving	degrading	improving	degrading	improving
1985 to present	1.1%	6.6%	6.1%	16.6%	1.6%	19.0%	2.6%	11.2%
1995 to present	1.0%	19.2%	4.3%	6.4%	1.8%	5.4%	2.6%	12.5%

- 261 stations
- Considered effects (including flow) over two time intervals:
  - 1985 to 2004 Long-Term
  - 1995 to 2004 Mid-Term
- 80% of stations had no significant trends
- 20% of stations showed some water quality trends

#### Waters Under VDH Fish Consumption Advisories

Identified in 2006 305(b)/303(d) Water Quality Integrated Report



A complete list of fish advisories in Virginia can be found at

http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/epi/publichealthtoxicology/fishingadvisories.asp

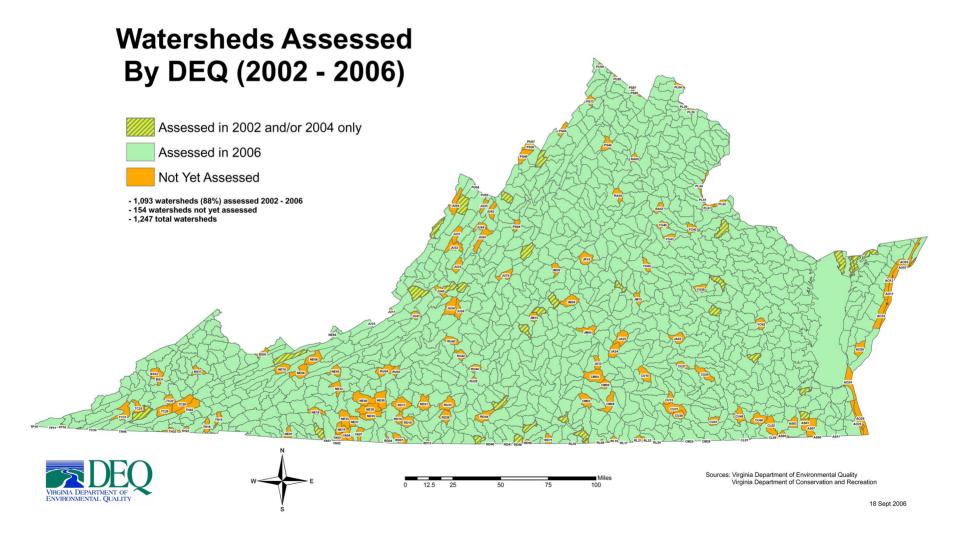
### **Public Beaches**

- 49 public beaches monitored by VDH
- Bacteria levels checked May September
- May result in beach closures and swimming advisories
- 5 beaches impaired
  - Fairview (Potomac River)
  - Anderson's, Hilton, Huntington, King Lincoln Park (James River)

# 2006 Assessed Area

Waterbody Type	Total	Assessed	Attained Use	Impaired
Rivers (miles)	50,356	14,265	5,263	9,002
Lakes (acres)	116,058	112,473	3,271	109,201
Estuaries (sq. miles)	2,425	2,382	170	2,212

#### Assessments within 88% of Watersheds Between 2002 – 2006

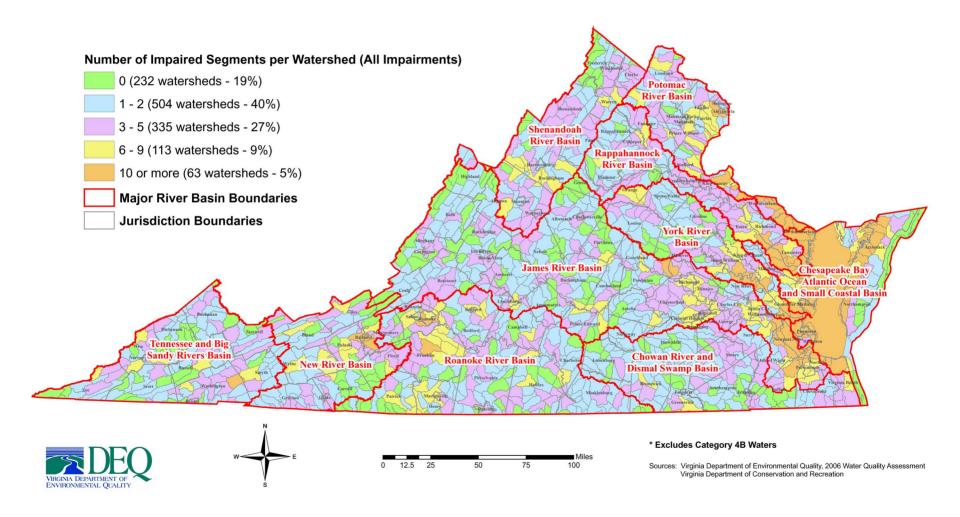


# Impaired Area Identified Per Assessment Cycle by Waterbody Type

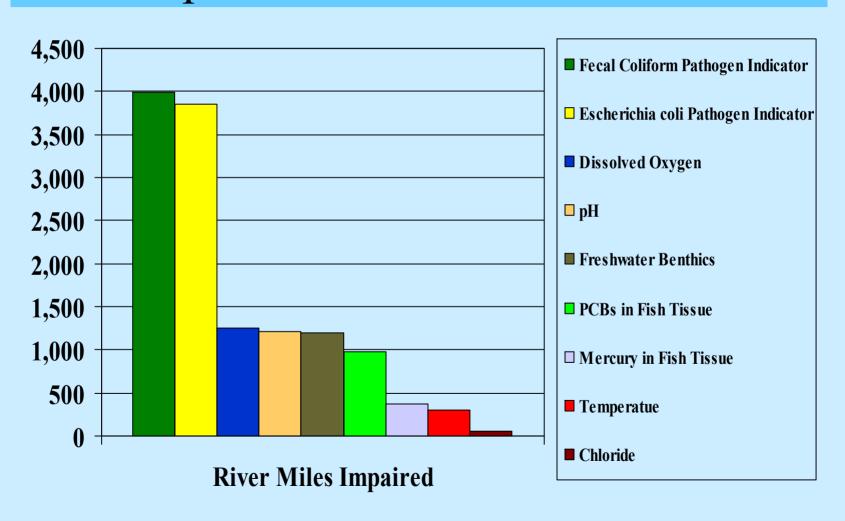
Waterbody Type	1996	1998	2002	2004	2006
<b>Rivers</b> 50,356 (miles)	2,016	2,611	4,838	6,931	9,002
Lakes 116,054 (acres)	17,141	0	115,558 <sup>1</sup>	89,834	109,201
Estuaries 2,425 (sq. miles)	506	437	1,689	1,907	2,212

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Area included lakes shared by Virginia and North Carolina. 25,724 acres determined to be in North Carolina and removed from Virginia's 2004 total impaired acreage.

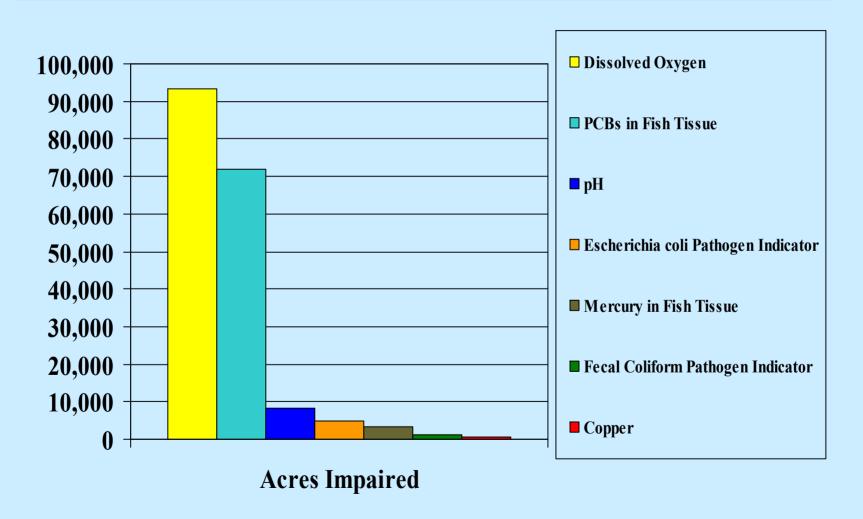
#### Distribution of Impaired\* Waters In Virginia's Watersheds



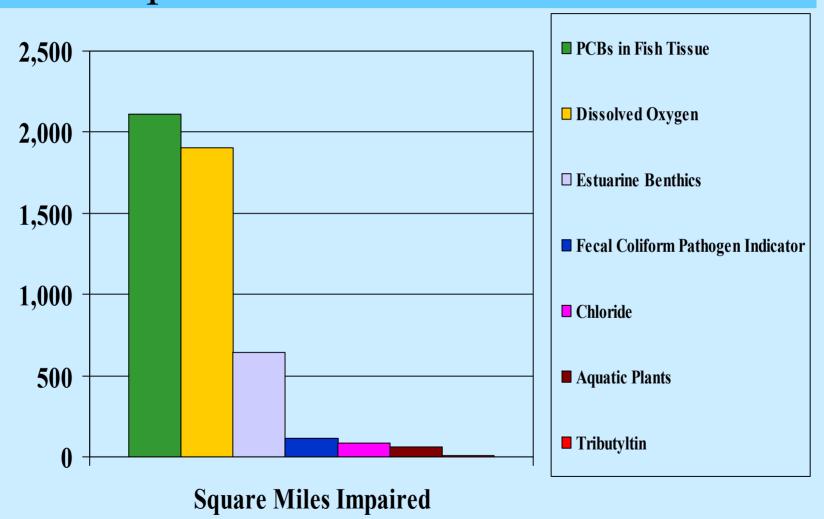
# 2006 Impairment Causes for Rivers



# 2006 Impairment Causes for Lakes



# 2006 Impairment Causes for Estuaries



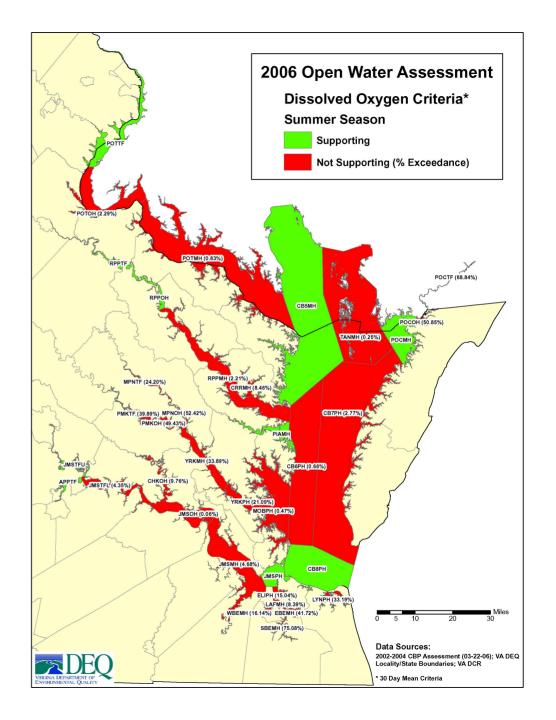
# Designated Uses

DESIGNATED USE	SUPPORT OF USE DEMONSTRATED BY
Aquatic Life Use (sub-divided in Chesapeake Bay and Tributaries)	Conventional Pollutants (Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Temp.);  Nutrients and toxic contaminants found in sediments, toxics in water column;  Biological evaluation
Fish Consumption Use	Advisories, limiting or restricting consumption (VDH);  Exceeding state screening values for toxic pollutants found in fish tissue
Shellfish Consumption Use	Restricted harvesting and marketing of shellfish resources by Div of Shellfish Sanitation of VDH
Swimming Use	Conventional Pollutant (Fecal Coliform Bacteria, E. coli, enterococci) and/or beach closures issued by VDH
Public Water Supply Use	Closures or advisories by VDH; comparison of data to applicable public water supply standards
Wildlife Use	Aquatic life toxics criteria in water column

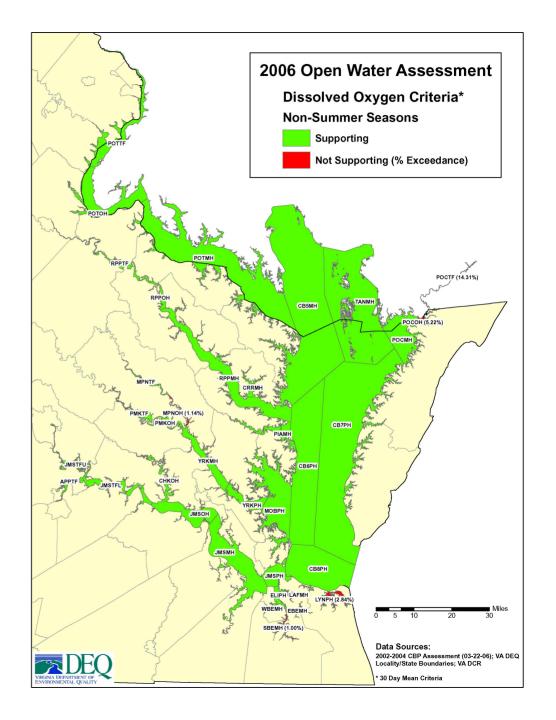
# Chesapeake Bay - Aquatic Life Sub-uses

- Shallow Water (SAV and Water Clarity)
- Spawning and Nursery (February May)
  - Not assessed in 2006
- Open Water (Varies w/season)
- Deep Water (Summer Only)
- Deep Channel (Summer Only)
  - Not assessed in 2006

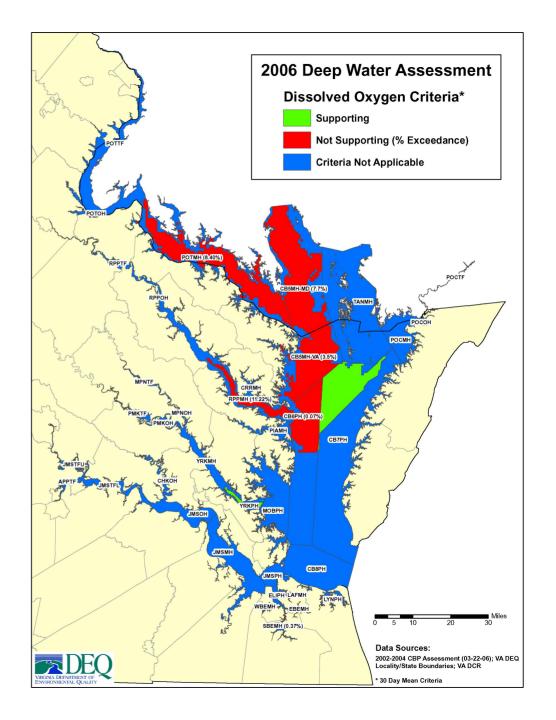
- Level of summer
   DO is better in
   the mainstem
   Bay than in some
   rivers
- Some sections of Bay and tidal fresh rivers meet DO criteria all year



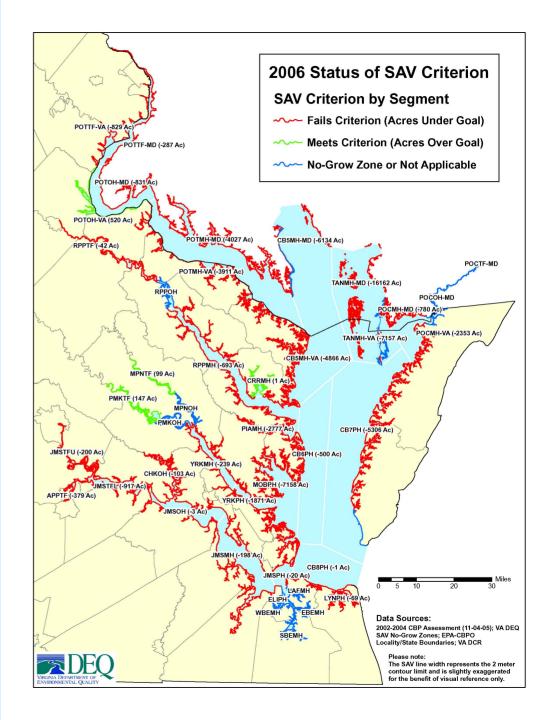
- In attainment
   everywhere
   except portions
   of Lynnhaven
   and Elizabeth
   Rivers
- Areas of failure have < 3% exceedance



- Use applies only in summers and only in very limited areas
- Mainstem Bay in Virginia ≤ 4% exceedance



- SAV goal for Virginia is 77,463 acres
- 38,640 acres attained
- 38,823 acre shortfall in 2006



# **EPA Integrated List**

#### EPA Assessment Categories (since 2004)

- Major Change To Assessment Approach
- 1 Fully Support All Designated Uses
- 2 Fully Support All Uses Assessed
- 3 Insufficient Data
- 4 Impaired (No TMDL Needed)
- 5 Impaired (TMDL May Be Needed)
- Virginia added additional Subcategories in 2006 to help track TMDL implementation

# New Impaired Water Listings

- 287 New (Category 5A) Impairments in 2006
  - Excluding both shellfish and natural impairments
  - 1,006 miles of Rivers (and Streams)
  - 27,401 acres of Lakes
  - 351 square miles of Estuaries
- 1712 total TMDLs to be developed

# Delisting of Waters

- 69 Full Delistings Approved by EPA in 2006
  - Includes 38 (Category 5) Waters
  - 411 miles of Rivers

• 300 Total Full and 255 Partial Delistings through October 2006

# 2006 Legislation HB 1150 – Chesapeake Bay and Virginia Waters Clean-up and Oversight Act

- Secretary of Natural Resources to develop a strategic plan by January 1, 2007 for cleanup of Virginia impaired waters
- The plan is to include:
  - Measurable, attainable objectives
  - Strategies and time frames
  - Funding and disbursement plans
  - Problem areas and risk mitigation strategies
  - Recommendations for legislative action
- Plan to be revised and updated as needed
- Semi-annual progress reports to General Assembly committees
- Meetings of committees to hear testimony or discuss specific initiatives requiring legislative action

# Steps in TMDL Process

- Place Impaired Waters on 303(d) List due to Water Quality Standards violations
- Develop TMDL Total Maximum Daily Load for Impaired Waters - 381 through May 2006)
- Develop TMDL Implementation Plan
  - 13 completed for 36 waters; 10 more in progress
- Implement TMDL Plan -11 w/"BMPs installed"
- Remove Waters from 303(d) List when Water Quality Standards achieved

# Extra Slides

- Category 1 Fully Support All Uses
  - Virginia 1A TMDL Developed, Attaining All Uses
- Category 2 Fully Support All Uses Assessed
  - Virginia 2A Support All Monitored Uses
  - Virginia 2B Waters Of Concern But No Water Quality
     Standard Exists, Or A Screening Value Was Exceeded
  - Virginia 2C TMDL Developed, Attaining Use For Which It Was Originally 303(d) Listed But Insufficient Data for Some Uses

- Category 3 Insufficient Data
  - Virginia 3A No Data Available
  - Virginia 3B Data Available But Insufficient Quantity
  - Virginia 3C Citizen Monitoring Indicates Problem
    - Waters Evaluated And Prioritized For Follow-Up Monitoring
    - 31 Citizen-Identified Waters Scheduled for DEQ Monitoring (in 2007)
  - Virginia 3D Citizen Monitoring Indicates No Problems

- Category 4 Impaired TMDL Not Needed
  - Virginia 4A TMDL Developed and EPA Approved
  - Virginia 4B Other Regulatory Requirements Will Assure Attainment In Near Future (e.g. NPDES)
  - Virginia 4C Impairment Caused By Pollution
- Pollution No Polluting Substance (e.g. flow)
- Pollutant Polluting Substance (e.g. bacteria)

- Category 5 Impaired, TMDL May Be Needed
  - Virginia 5A Non-Shellfish (TMDL Required)
  - Virginia 5B Shellfish (TMDL Required)
  - Virginia 5C Naturally Impaired
    - Study needed to determine if wholly or partially impaired
    - Designated use and water quality standard may be changed
  - Virginia 5D TMDLs Developed For Some Causes
     Additional TMDL(s) Needed For Other Causes
  - Virginia 5E Effluent Limited Waters With Compliance Schedule After The Next Assessment Date
  - Virginia 5F Delisting Approved, But The Water Remains Impaired Due To Other Causes